Privacy Fact Sheet

What is Personal Information?

Introduction

1. The purpose of this Privacy Fact Sheet is to clarify the meaning of “personal information”, which is an important concept under the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act (FIPPA).

2. This Privacy Fact Sheet is intended to assist UBC staff and faculty members to understand their obligations under the FIPPA. It is not intended to be a substitute for legal advice. If you have specific questions about the FIPPA, contact the Legal Counsel, Information and Privacy in the Office of the University Counsel.

The Definition of “Personal Information”

3. Under the FIPPA, “personal information” is defined as “recorded information about an identifiable individual other than contact information.”

4. “Contact information” is defined as “information to enable an individual at a place of business to be contacted and includes the name, position name or title, business telephone number, business address, business email or business fax number of the individual.”

5. Therefore, personal information comprises all recorded information about an identifiable individual, with the exception of the names and business contact information of employees, volunteers and service providers.

6. You may have heard the terms “personally identifiable information” (PII) and “protected health information” (PHI) used to identify different types of personal information. These terms are not used in the FIPPA. The FIPPA does not distinguish between different categories of personal information.

The Meaning of “Identifiable Individual”

7. Information is only considered to be personal information if it is about an “identifiable individual”. Individuals may be identified using their name or another unique number or characteristic, e.g. photograph, SIN number, fingerprint, CWL ID, employee number, or student ID. Any information that has a precise, direct connection with one of these personal identifiers is personal information. For example:

   a. “John Smith is 40 years old.”
   b. “Sally Wang is a student.”
   c. “Student Number 123456 failed the Biology exam.”
   d. “The Dean of the Faculty of Engineering is sick today.”
8. To determine whether information is about an “identifiable individual”, the Privacy Commissioner of Canada has formulated the following test: “Information will be about an identifiable individual where there is a serious possibility that an individual could be identified through the use of that information, alone or in combination with other available information”.¹

9. You should exercise caution before releasing any data that was derived from underlying personal information, even if you think you have “de-identified” the data. Information technology provides powerful tools for analyzing and linking data. It may be possible for someone to re-identify individuals by combining seemingly innocuous bits of available data. This is sometimes called the “mosaic effect”.

**The Meaning of “Contact Information”**

10. Information is not considered to be personal information if it is “contact information”, which is the kind of information that appears on a business card. “Contact information” is defined as “information to enable an individual at a place of business to be contacted and includes the name, position name or title, business telephone number, business address, business email or business fax number of the individual.”

11. For example, the business contact information of UBC employees, faculty members, volunteers and service providers is considered to be “contact information”. As this information is not personal information, much of it is posted on UBC’s website for public viewing.

12. Students’ names, mailing addresses, email addresses, and phone and fax numbers are not considered to be “contact information” under the FIPPA. This is because students attend UBC in a personal rather than a business capacity. All information about students, including their names, is personal information and is protected under the FIPPA.

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¹ Gordon v. Canada (Health), 2008 FC 258 (CanLII)